

# ELEC9771 MEngSc Project A

Course Outline - Semester 2, 2016

**Never Stand Still** 

Faculty of Engineering

School of Electrical Engineering and Telecommunications

#### 1. Course Staff

Project supervisor: To be nominated by the student (together with project topic)

Project coordinator: Dr Jayashri Ravishankar, Room EE109, jayashri.ravishankar@unsw.edu.au

**Consultations:** About the project work, technical inquiries should be directed to the project supervisor whereas general administrative inquiries should be directed to the MEngSc project coordinator. ALL email enquiries should be made from your student email address with ELEC9771 in the subject line; otherwise they will not be answered.

**Keeping Informed:** Announcements may be made via email (to your student email address) and/or via online learning and teaching platforms – in this course, we will use Moodle <a href="https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php">https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php</a>. Please note that you will be deemed to have received this information, so you should take careful note of all announcements. The Moodle name of this course is: ELEC9771 (Project A) S2\_2016.

# 2. Course Summary

#### **Contact Hours**

The project consists of regular meetings with the supervisor, typically about 30 minutes weekly. In addition, the project usually involves experimental work and thus requires laboratory assistance from the supervisor and/or technical staff.

#### **Context and Aims**

The Master of Engineering project is undertaken in the second (and final) year of the 2-year MEngSc. The course, Project A, is the first part of the project. Its purpose is for students to undertake directed laboratory and research work on an approved topic under the guidance of an academic supervisor.

The project provides an opportunity for the student to bring together engineering principles learned over their previous years of study and apply these principles to innovatively solve problems such as the development of a specific design, process and/or the investigation of a hypothesis. The projects must be complex, open-ended problems that allow room for student creativity, and the acquisition, analysis and interpretation of results. There must be multiple possible solutions or conclusions at the outset and sufficient complexity to require a degree of project planning from the student. The project requires the student to formulate problems in engineering terms, manage an engineering project and find solutions by applying engineering methods. Students also develop their ability to work in a research and development environment

As a Masters (Postgraduate) level project, it is expected that the outcomes and standard of work undertaken in the MEngSc project is of a more advanced level than that during a final year undergraduate thesis.

#### Schedule

Period	Activity			
	<ul> <li>Prior to start of semester, student selects project topic and gets approval from supervisor.</li> <li>Weekly meetings during the semester with supervisor for technical guidance on project work</li> <li>Laboratory work during the semester subject to arrangement with technical staff</li> </ul>			
Week 1	<ul> <li>4pm Friday: deadline for registering your thesis topic and supervisor name via Moodle portal 'EET School Thesis/Project'</li> </ul>			
Week 7	<ul> <li>Risk Assessment Form completed and approved by supervisor</li> <li>If applicable, ethics approval required from relevant authority</li> </ul>			
Week 13	■ 12pm Thursday: deadline for submission of the report, via Moodle			

#### Assessment

Report Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory by Project Supervisor

#### 3. Course Details

#### Credits

This is a 6 UOC course. The expected workload is 10–12 hours per week throughout the 13 week semester.

#### **Relationship to Other Courses**

MEngSc Project A constitutes the first of the two-part project work (parts A and B). Project A involves a substantive literature search and reviews of the background for the chosen topic, gaining a clear understanding of the problem that is to be solved, familiarisation with the tools or equipment required for the project, some preliminary development work, and formulation of a research plan. This prepares the student for the detailed project work undertaken in MEngSc Project B in the following session.

#### Pre-requisites and Assumed Knowledge

Completion of one year in the 2 year MEngSc by coursework program (48 UoC), or Completion of one semester in the 1.5 year MEngSc by coursework program (24 UoC).

#### **Following Courses**

The course is a pre-requisite for ELEC9772 MEngSc Project B which must be taken in the immediate following semester.

#### Learning outcomes

The MEngSc project is either a good introduction to work in industry and research, or is a way for postgraduate students to explore advanced level concepts or research ideas already encountered. It is an important indicator of how well students are able to bring together what they have learnt at an undergraduate and postgraduate level as well as from any relevant work experience.

Overall, at the end of MEngSc Project A, students should:

1. Develop a design or a process or investigate a hypothesis following industry and professional engineering standards. Demonstrate a clear understanding of what the

problem is that they are trying to solve, as well as the challenges in trying to implement the solution.

- 2. Critically reflect and exhibit detailed background knowledge of the chosen topic area as a basis for developing their own ideas and program of work.
- 3. Apply scientific and engineering methods to solve an engineering problem. Demonstrate completion of initial stages of this process, e.g. preliminary design.
- 4. Analyse data objectively using quantitative and mathematical methods.
- Demonstrate written communication in professional and lay domains through a written report on their chosen research topic outlining the motivation, background and selected research methodology that will be used in MEngSc Project B.
- 6. Explain the general infrastructure requirements of engineering projects including laboratory, workshop, computing facilities, information systems and OHS requirements. Understand the role project supervisors play in quality assurance.

This course is designed to provide the above learning outcomes which arise from targeted graduate capabilities listed in *Appendix A*. The targeted graduate capabilities broadly support the UNSW and Faculty of Engineering graduate capabilities (listed in *Appendix B*). This course also addresses the Engineers Australia (National Accreditation Body) Stage I competency standard as outlined in *Appendix C*.

#### **Syllabus**

The project topic area chosen by the student may be in any technical area covered by the interests and expertise of the academic staff of the EE&T School who will act as the supervisors. A list of topics offered by the school is published each year and can be viewed on the School project database web site. Students are to make their own selection. Usually, the topic chosen is influenced by the students' future career directions. Note that some topics offered on the list are of a general nature, requiring the topic to be defined in discussion with the supervisor. Many topics can be modified to cater for specific student interests. There is provision for 'wildcard' topics nominated by students or industry. However, it is required to find an academic staff who can recognize the technical merits and is prepared to act as a supervisor (or co-supervisor) of such a topic.

In addition to the key elements of problem analysis and synthesis, the course requires information literacy, revision and explicit application of project management concepts, safety considerations, and risk mitigation. The assessment mainly includes a written report on their chosen research topic outlining the motivation, background and selected research methodology that will be employed in Project B.

# 4. Teaching Strategies

#### **Delivery Mode**

- Regular weekly meetings between supervisor and student to discuss and advise on the project work.
- Laboratory access throughout the semester for students to carry out practical design and development work with some assistance from technical staff.

#### Learning in this course

The project gives you the opportunity to take on a project on your own, to produce a self-contained and rounded piece of work and write it up for others to assess and use. While the

project is yours alone, you will need to obtain advice, information and assistance from others, for example your supervisor, technical officers responsible for laboratories, or computing and workshop staff.

Before carrying out any research it is important to be aware of what work has been done by other researchers. You can ask your supervisor for assistance with the available resources and how to access them, e.g. IEEE-Xplore on-line database. The Internet has become a major source of information for research activities.

While a majority of the design and synthesis tasks will be carried out in the second session, it is important that you take full advantage of time in the first session to grasp what the underlying problem and challenges are, as well as begin the design and synthesis tasks.

Regular meetings with your supervisor are important, especially during the early stages when it is important to check that what you are doing is indeed what is required. If you want to contact your supervisor outside a regular meeting time, leave a message arranging a time to meet. Pre-arranged consultations are often more effective. Contact details are on the School website: <a href="http://www.engineering.unsw.edu.au/electrical-engineering/academic-staff-list">http://www.engineering.unsw.edu.au/electrical-engineering/academic-staff-list</a>

Defining a topic is difficult, but it is probably your most important task. Once you have a clear idea of what is required, you can then analyse the alternative courses of action available for achieving your goal. However, if you have the wrong problem then no amount of brilliant analysis or design will achieve the required objective.

Once you have defined your problem, review what has been achieved before, and list what alternative courses of action or methods of solution are available. Analyse the alternatives and decide which of them is the most appropriate for the task in hand. At this stage you should have a clear idea what you are going to do and what tasks have got to be performed on the way to achieving your goal.

It is a good idea to draw up a development schedule and allocate times for each task and important stages or project milestones. The time duration of each task should be carefully checked to ensure it is realistic and, in particular, allows sufficient time for tasks that are critical for the success of the project. For example, ordering components or if equipment is constructed, get the drawings to the workshop as soon as possible. Workshop time is always limited and long delays are frequently experienced. Discuss what you want with the workshop staff with the aim of simplifying your design or modifying existing items.

#### 5. Assessment

Assessment is based on evaluating the student's work through the written report. The assessment will be carried out by the project supervisor.

It is intended that Project A covers the planning, preparing and completing some initial work on the project. The report will be marked as "satisfactory" by the supervisor if the report demonstrates the following: (i) gathering, understanding and prioritising relevant technical background about the project, literature review and the problem statement; (ii) project deliverables (detailed proposed solution or design, work plan with specific tasks for realising this solution, and which tasks completed to date) and their quality (degree of challenges involved, level of intellectual contribution); and (iii) good presentation.

It is most important to note that Project A is not just about doing a literature review but students must demonstrate real progress in the project with tangible project deliverables.

If the report is marked "unsatisfactory", then the student needs to re-enrol in project A again in the next semester. Satisfactory completion of project A is mandatory for enrolling in project B.

#### Policy for lateness in report submission

The penalty is detailed below:

- If the report is not submitted by the due date, it will be marked "unsatisfactory".
- If there is a delay in submission due to unforseen reasons (e.g., medical issues), prior permission should be obtained from the project coordinator, with the consent of the supervisor, at least two weeks before the due date. A maximum late submission of 4 weeks is then allowed at the discretion of the project coordinator, but should only be granted in exceptional circumstances. As per normal, students can also apply through myUNSW for special consideration.

#### Relationship of Assessment Methods to Learning Outcomes

	Learning outcomes				
Assessment	1	2	3	4	5
Written report	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

#### 6. Course Resources

#### Recommended text(s):

Reading materials are specified by the supervisor (related to particular project topic).

#### On-line resources

#### Moodle

As a part of the teaching component, Moodle will be used to disseminate materials, host forums: <a href="https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php">https://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/login/index.php</a>. All information about this course is available from this link which is regularly updated.

#### Mailing list

Announcements concerning course information will be given on Moodle and/or via email (which will be sent to your student email address).

## 7. Additional Information about the project

#### How to nominate a project topic

The Moodle portal 'EET School Thesis/Project' helps you find a supervisor and register a project topic to work on. Preferably, this should be done well before the start of the semester. Follow these steps:

- Go to <a href="http://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/course/view.php?id=20890">http://moodle.telt.unsw.edu.au/course/view.php?id=20890</a> and enroll yourself as a student; the self-enrolment key is EETTPstudent.
- From here, you can view the research profiles of prospective supervisors and topics by clicking on the 'Research Topics' icon. Please note that the topics list is only indicative and may not show all the topics available. Supervisors may have other new topics in mind

or you may want to propose your own topic that matches the supervisor' interests and expertise.

When you have found a supervisor with a topic that suits your interests, you are required to contact this person to discuss your intention. If you both agree to team up, ask the supervisor to email you to confirm approval of the topic title. You can then proceed to register your topic:

- Go into Moodle 'EET School Thesis/Project', click 'Select Your Supervisor' icon then click 'Select Supervisor'. Find your supervisor name and click the action box to become a member.
- From the home page, click 'Select Your Supervisor' icon then click 'Register Topic', 'Add Entry' and enter your details and topic title.
- You now have formally secured a supervisor with a specific topic to work on in the forthcoming semester. Furthermore, you must enroll in the appropriate thesis course code on myUNSW, as you would normally enroll in other courses. This will give you access to the main Moodle for this course: 'ELEC9771 (Project A) S2\_2016'.

#### **Risk Management**

Your thesis work may involve practical experiments in the laboratory or only using office computers. Regardless of the nature of your thesis work, you must do a risk assessment before commencing. The *Risk Management Form* has to be completed on-line via <a href="https://safesys.unsw.edu.au">https://safesys.unsw.edu.au</a> and signed off by you and approved by your supervisor. The system will generate a unique Risk Management Document Number for identification.

Note that when you submit your thesis report, you will be asked to state your Risk Management Document Number and also, if applicable, to indicate that appropriate ethics approvals have been obtained.

#### Written report

The word limit for written report is 5000 words. This is to be submitted in **week 13** (Thursday 12pm noon), by uploading the report as one single pdf formatted file. This file should include, as the first page, a scanned image of the report cover sheet. The report cover sheet can be downloaded from the course web site. The report must also include an Appendix for a scanned copy of the completed Risk Assessment Form. If using double space and size 12 font, a typical report is about 15 to 25 pages (everything included: graphs, figures, diagrams, attached forms).

The preliminary report should have the following elements:

- Abstract / Table of contents / Introduction / Body / Conclusion (these do not necessarily constitute Chapter titles).
- Project definition, which includes the problem statement, and motivation for trying to solve this particular problem, possible solutions to the problem along with their pros and cons and challenges.
- Literature review.
- Description of preliminary work although much of the design and synthesis will be carried out in Project B, it would be expected that preliminary work would be carried out in Project A.
- Outline and timetable schedule for work in Project B in the following semester. This should be more than just a simple Gantt chart. This should include a description of the work required to be carried out in Project B, and possible perceived problems or risks you may encounter which could change the schedule and planned work.

The report must be <u>individually</u> written even for cases where a group of students work on the same topic. Submission is via Moodle.

#### If Things Go Wrong

If you start having serious problems, don't ignore them or stop working; the problems won't go away. Talk over your worries with your supervisor to see what you can do to get going again. If you are still not able to resolve the problems, then see the Project Coordinator, the Director of Academic Studies in EE&T or the Student Counseling and Careers Unit. The Learning Centre also offers advice and support on these matters. Often some advice or perhaps reducing the scope of the project can get you working effectively for the rest of the year.

#### 8. Other Matters

#### **Academic Honesty and Plagiarism**

Plagiarism is the unacknowledged use of other people's work, including the copying of assignment works and laboratory results from other students. Plagiarism is considered a form of academic misconduct, and the University has very strict rules that include some severe penalties. For UNSW policies, penalties and information to help you avoid plagiarism, see <a href="http://www.lc.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism">http://www.lc.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism</a>. To find out if you understand plagiarism correctly, try this short quiz: <a href="https://student.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism-quiz">https://student.unsw.edu.au/plagiarism-quiz</a>.

There were several instances of plagiarism in courses with thesis or project report submissions. The most common penalty was **failure** of the course. If you don't understand what plagiarism is, please act now to educate yourself.

#### Student Responsibilities and Conduct

Students are expected to be familiar with and adhere to all UNSW policies (see <a href="https://my.unsw.edu.au/student/atoz/ABC.html">https://my.unsw.edu.au/student/atoz/ABC.html</a>), and particular attention is drawn to the following:

#### Workload

It is expected that you will spend at least **ten to twelve hours per week** studying a 6 UoC course, from Week 1 until the final assessment, including both face-to-face meetings with your supervisor and *independent*, *self-directed study*. In periods where you need to need to complete assignments or prepare for assessments, the workload may be greater. Overcommitment has been a common source of failure for many students. You should take the required workload into account when planning how to balance study with employment and other activities.

#### General Conduct and Behaviour

Consideration and respect for the needs of your fellow students and teaching staff is an expectation. Conduct which unduly disrupts or interferes with a class is not acceptable and students may be asked to leave the class.

#### Work Health and Safety

UNSW policy requires each person to work safely and responsibly, in order to avoid personal injury and to protect the safety of others.

#### **Ethics approval**

The project work may require ethics approval. Does your project involve other people doing something for you? If so, it may require ethics approval. The basic principle is that if you want people to provide you with something, even if just 5 min of their time to answer questions, then you should (i) treat them with suitable dignity and (ii) ensure any possibility that they may be badly affected is absolutely minimised. When research at UNSW involves people, then it comes under the oversight of the UNSW Ethics Committee which must give approval before it proceeds.

You will need to get approval, if your project involves any of the following (more than one may apply):

- a survey, even if done on-line
- an interview, focus group, or other such "qualitative" method
- data-mining, when individual identities might be revealed
- behavioural observation, e.g. people using something, choices people make, on-line activities
- recording or photography of people, even if in public spaces
- experiments on human reactions (or other abilities)
- human performance, e.g. running, falling, playing music
- testing a device
- tasting or smelling, e.g. foods
- and, of course, drug trials, body tissues and other medical activities.
- experiments on animals

If your project does require approval, in the first instance, discuss this with your supervisor.

#### **Special Consideration**

You should seek assistance early if you suffer illness or misadventure which affects your course progress. All applications for special consideration must be **lodged online through myUNSW before the assessment event**, not to course or school staff. For more detail, consult <a href="https://student.unsw.edu.au/special-consideration">https://student.unsw.edu.au/special-consideration</a>.

#### **Continual Course Improvement**

This course is under constant revision in order to improve the learning outcomes for all students. Please forward any feedback (positive or negative) on the course to the course convener or via the Course and Teaching Evaluation and Improvement Process. You can also provide feedback to ELSOC who will raise your concerns at student focus group meetings.

In our efforts to provide a rich and meaningful learning experience, we have continued to evaluate and modify our delivery and assessment methods. The assessment criteria and marking guidelines have been extensively revised together with clearly-defined policies on handling marking differences and late submission of work. Course administration is now via Moodle where students can access online databases, find supervisors to sign up topic, obtain course material and submit their work for assessment.

#### **Administrative Matters**

On issues and procedures regarding such matters as special needs, equity and diversity, occupational health and safety, enrolment, rights, and general expectations of students, please refer to the School and UNSW policies:

http://www.engineering.unsw.edu.au/electrical-engineering/policies-and-procedures https://student.unsw.edu.au/guide

## **Appendices**

#### **Appendix A: Targeted Graduate Capabilities**

Electrical Engineering and Telecommunications programs are designed to address the following targeted capabilities which were developed by the School in conjunction with the requirements of professional and industry bodies:

- The ability to apply knowledge of basic science and fundamental technologies;
- The skills to communicate effectively, not only with engineers but also with the wider community;
- The capability to undertake challenging analysis and design problems and find optimal solutions;
- Expertise in decomposing a problem into its constituent parts, and in defining the scope of each part;
- A working knowledge of how to locate required information and use information resources to their maximum advantage;
- Proficiency in developing and implementing project plans, investigating alternative solutions, and critically evaluating differing strategies;
- An understanding of the social, cultural and global responsibilities of the professional engineer;
- The ability to work effectively as an individual or in a team;
- An understanding of professional and ethical responsibilities;
- The ability to engage in lifelong independent and reflective learning.

#### **Appendix B: UNSW Graduate Capabilities**

The course delivery methods and course content directly or indirectly addresses a number of core UNSW graduate capabilities, as follows:

- Developing scholars who have a deep understanding of their discipline, mostly through self-study with little guidance from staff.
- Developing rigorous analysis, critique, and reflection, and ability to apply knowledge and skills to solving problems encountered in the course of project work.
- Developing capable independent and collaborative enquiry, through self-study and information gathering spanning the duration of the course.
- Developing digital and information literacy and lifelong learning skills through the literature review and selective gathering of background technical information required for the project.
- Developing ethical practitioners who are collaborative and effective team workers, through group activities, seminars.
- Developing independent, self-directed professionals who are enterprising, innovative, creative and responsive to change, through challenging design and project tasks.
- Developing citizens who can apply their discipline in other contexts, are culturally aware and environmentally responsible, through interdisciplinary tasks, seminars and group activities.

# Appendix C: Engineers Australia (EA) Professional Engineer Competency Standard

	Program Intended Learning Outcomes	
PE1: Knowledge and Skill Base	PE1.1 Comprehensive, theory-based understanding of underpinning fundamentals	
	PE1.2 Conceptual understanding of underpinning maths, analysis, statistics, computing	<b>√</b>
No ≡	PE1.3 In-depth understanding of specialist bodies of knowledge	✓
7 X	PE1.4 Discernment of knowledge development and research directions	✓
E1:	PE1.5 Knowledge of engineering design practice	
<u> </u>	PE1.6 Understanding of scope, principles, norms, accountabilities of sustainable engineering practice	
PE2: Engineering Application Ability	PE2.1 Application of established engineering methods to complex problem solving	<b>√</b>
	PE2.2 Fluent application of engineering techniques, tools and resources	<b>√</b>
	PE2.3 Application of systematic engineering synthesis and design processes	<b>√</b>
	PE2.4 Application of systematic approaches to the conduct and management of engineering projects	<b>√</b>
PE3: Professional and Personal Attributes	PE3.1 Ethical conduct and professional accountability	<b>√</b>
	PE3.2 Effective oral and written communication (professional and lay domains)	<b>√</b>
	PE3.3 Creative, innovative and pro-active demeanour	✓
	PE3.4 Professional use and management of information	<b>√</b>
	PE3.5 Orderly management of self, and professional conduct	<b>√</b>
	PE3.6 Effective team membership and team leadership	